MERIT BADGE SERIES



SUSTAINABILITY



BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA MERIT BADGE SERIES

SUSTAINABILITY



On our cover: The shy giant panda, one of the world's rarest animals, eats a lot of bamboo. As people cleared more and more bamboo for building, industry, and farming, the panda lost more of its food source and its home. This great animal is also very slow to reproduce, which contributes to its vulnerability. We now know that the panda is endangered and needs to be protected.

"Enhancing our youths' competitive edge through merit badges"





Sustainability

- 1. Before starting work on any other requirements for this merit badge, write in your own words the meaning of *sustainability*. Explain how you think conservation and stewardship of our natural resources relate to sustainability. Have a family meeting, and ask family members to write down what they think sustainability means. Be sure to take notes. You will need this information again for requirement 5.
- 2. Do the following:

Water. Do A AND either B OR C

(a) Develop and implement a plan that attempts to reduce your family's water usage. As a family, discuss water usage. To aid in your discussion, if past water bills are available, you may choose to examine a few. As a family, choose three ways to help reduce water consumption. Implement those ideas for one month. Share what you learn with your counselor, and tell how you think your plan affected your family's water usage.

- (b) Using a diagram you have created, explain to your counselor how your household gets its clean water from a natural source and what happens with the water after you use it. Include water that goes down the kitchen, bathroom, and laundry drains, and any runoff from watering the yard or washing the car. Tell two ways to preserve your family's access to clean water in the future.
- (c) Discuss with your counselor two areas in the world that have been affected by drought over the last three years. For each area, identify a water conservation practice (successful or unsuccessful) that has been used. Tell whether the practice was effective and why. Discuss what water conservation practice you would have tried and why.

Food. Do A AND either B OR C.

- (a) Develop and implement a plan that attempts to reduce your household food waste. Establish a baseline and then track and record your results for two weeks. Report your results to your family and counselor.
- (b) Discuss with your counselor the ways individuals, families, and communities can create their own food sources (potted plants, family garden, rooftop garden, neighborhood or community garden). Tell how this plan might contribute to a more sustainable way of life if practiced globally.
- (c) Discuss with your counselor factors that limit the availability of food and food production in different regions of the world. Tell three ways these factors influence the sustainability of worldwide food supplies.

Community. Do A AND either B OR C.

- (a) Draw a rough sketch depicting how you would design a sustainable community. Share your sketch with your counselor, and explain how the housing, work locations, shops, schools, and transportation systems affect energy, pollution, natural resources, and the economy of the community.
- (b) With your parent's permission and your counselor's approval, interview a local architect, engineer, contractor, or building materials supplier. Find out the factors that are considered when using sustainable materials in renovating or building a home. Share what you learn with your counselor.
- (c) Review a current housing needs assessment for your town, city, county, or state. Discuss with your counselor how birth and death rates affect sufficient housing, and how a lack of housing—or too much housing—can influence the sustainability of a local or global area.

Energy. Do A AND either B OR C.

(a) Learn about the sustainability of different energy sources, including fossil fuels, solar, wind, nuclear, hydropower, and geothermal. Find out how the production and consumption of each of these energy sources affects the environment and what the term "carbon footprint" means. Discuss what you learn with your counselor, and explain how you think your family can reduce its carbon footprint.

- (b) Develop and implement a plan to reduce the consumption of one of your family's household utilities that consume energy, such as gas appliances, electricity, heating systems, or cooling systems. Examine your family's bills for that utility reflecting usage for three months (past or current). As a family, choose three ways to help reduce consumption and be a better steward of this resource. Implement those ideas for one month. Share what you learn with your counselor, and tell how your plan affected your family's usage.
- (c) Evaluate your family's fuel and transportation usage. Review your family's transportation-related bills (gasoline, diesel, electric, public transportation, etc.) reflecting usage for three months (past or current). As a family, choose three ways to help reduce consumption and be a better steward of this resource. Implement those ideas for one month. Share what you learn with your counselor, and tell how your plan affected your family's transportation habits.

Stuff. Do A AND either B OR C.

- (a) Keep a log of the "stuff" your family purchases (excluding food items) for two weeks. In your log, categorize each purchase as an essential *need* (such as soap) or a desirable *want* (such as a DVD). Share what you learn with your counselor.
- (b) Plan a project that involves the participation of your family to identify the "stuff" your family no longer needs. Complete your project by donating, repurposing, or recycling these items.
- (c) Discuss with your counselor how having too much "stuff" affects you, your family, and your community. Include the following: the financial impact, time spent, maintenance, health, storage, and waste. Include in your discussion the practices that can be used to avoid accumulating too much "stuff."

3. Do the following:

- (a) Explain to your counselor how the planetary life-support systems (soil, climate, freshwater, atmospheric, nutrient, oceanic, ecosystems, and species) support life on Earth and interact with one another.
- (b) Tell how the harvesting or production of raw materials (by extraction or recycling), along with distribution of the resulting products, consumption, and disposal/repurposing, influences current and future sustainability thinking and planning.
- 4. Explore TWO of the following categories. Have a discussion with your family about the two you select. In your discussion, include your observations, and best and worst practices. Share what you learn with your counselor.
 - (a) **Plastic waste.** Discuss the impact plastic waste has on the environment (land, water, air). Learn about the number system for plastic recyclables, and determine which plastics are more commonly recycled. Find out what the trash vortex is and how it was formed.
 - (b) **Electronic waste.** Choose three electronic devices in your household. Find out the average lifespan of each, what happens to these devices once they pass their useful life, and whether they can be recycled in whole or part. Discuss the impact of electronic waste on the environment.

- (c) **Food waste.** Learn about the value of composting and how to start a compost pile. Start a compost pile appropriate for your living situation. Tell what can be done with the compost when it is ready for use.
- (d) **Species decline.** Explain the term species (plant or animal) decline. Discuss the human activities that contribute to species decline, what can be done to help reverse the decline, and its impact on a sustainable environment.
- (e) **World population.** Learn how the world's population affects the sustainability of Earth. Discuss three human activities that may contribute to putting Earth at risk, now and in the future.
- (f) **Climate change.** Find a world map that shows the pattern of temperature change for a period of at least 100 years. Share this map with your counselor, and discuss three factors that scientists believe affect the global weather and temperature. Discuss with your counselor three impacts of climate change and how these changes could impact sustainability of food, water, or other resources.

5. Do the following:

- (a) After completing requirements 1 through 4, have a family meeting. Discuss what your family has learned about what it means to be a sustainable citizen. Talk about the behavioral changes and life choices your family can make to live more sustainably. Share what you learn with your counselor.
- (b) Discuss with your counselor how living by the Scout Oath and Scout Law in your daily life helps promote sustainability and good stewardship.
- 6. Learn about career opportunities in the sustainability field. Pick one and find out the education, training, and experience required. Discuss what you have learned with your counselor and explain why this career might interest you.

Sustainability Resources

Scouting Literature

Boy Scout Handbook; Fieldbook; Energy, Environmental Science, Fish and Wildlife Management, Forestry, Nature, Oceanography, Plant Science, Public Health, Soil and Water Conservation, and Weather merit badge pamphlets

Visit the Boy Scouts of America's official retail website (with your parent's permission) at http://www.scoutstuff.org for a complete listing of all merit badge pamphlets and other helpful Scouting materials and supplies.

Books

Kaye, Cathryn Berger, and Philippe Cousteau. Going Blue: A Teen Guide to Saving Our Oceans, Lakes, Rivers, & Wetlands. Free Spirit Publishing, 2010.

Petronis, Lexi. 47 Things You Can Do for the Environment. Zest Books, 2012.

Roa, Michael L. Environmental Science Activities Kit: Ready-to-Use Lessons, Labs, and Worksheets for Grades 7–12, 2nd ed. Jossey-Bass, 2008.

Savedge, Jenn. *The Green Teen: The Eco-Friendly Teen's Guide to Saving the Planet.* New Society Publishers, 2009.

Sivertsen, Linda, and Tosh Sivertsen. Generation Green: The Ultimate Teen Guide to Living an Eco-Friendly Life. Simon Pulse, 2008.

Organizations and Websites

AAS Center for Science, Technology and Sustainability

Website: www.aaas.org

American Chemical Society Green Chemistry Institute

Website: www.chemistry.org/ greenchemistryinstitute

American Forest and Paper Association

Website: http://www.afandpa.org

American Institute of Biological Sciences

Website: http://www.aibs.org

Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies

Telephone: 202-624-7890

Website: http://www.fishwildlife.org

Center for Biological Diversity

Website: http://www.biologicaldiversity.org/ news/center/articles/2010/ new-scientist-02-24-2010.html

Eartheasy

Website: http://eartheasy.com/grow_compost.html

Ecological Society of America

Website: www.esa.org

EnviroLink Network

Website: http://www.envirolink.org

Environmental Protection Agency

Telephone: 202-272-0167

Website: http://www.epa.gov and

http://water.epa.gov

Global Footprint Network

Website: http://www.footprintnetwork.org

Leave No Trace Center for Outdoor Ethics

Toll-free telephone: 800-332-4100 Website: http://www.lnt.org

NASA Climate Kids

Website: http://climatekids.nasa.gov

The Nature Conservancy

Website: http://www.nature.org

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Telephone: 202-720-3210

Website: http://www.nrcs.usda.gov

Reuseit

Website: http://www.reuseit.com/ learn-more/top-facts/impact-on-oceans

Society of American Foresters

Website: http://www.eforester.org

Sustainable Forestry Initiative

Website: http://www.sfiprogram.org

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Websites: http://www.epa.gov/ climatestudents

http://www.epa.gov/P3

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Toll-free telephone: 800-344-9453 Website: http://www.fws.gov

USDA Forest Service

Website: http://www.fs.fed.us

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